

What Insurance Covers

Medi-Cal, Medicare, Covered California, and private health plans cover:

- Testing
- Vaccination
- Treatment

Eligibility:

Medi-Cal

- US Citizens and legal residents
- California Resident
- Low Income

Medicare

- US Citizens and legal residents
- 65 years of age or older

Covered California (Insurance Exchange):

- US Citizens, US Nationals, Green Card Holders, Visa Holders and those with asylee or refugee status

For more information: 1-800-300-1506
<http://www.coveredca.com/medi-cal>

Don't Have Insurance?

Community Program (Not medical insurance):

Healthy SF: Health access program for SF residents who do not qualify for insurance

Eligibility:

- Low Income
- San Francisco resident
- Uninsured for 90 days or more
- Not eligible for Medi-Cal or Medicare
- 18 years of age or older

Includes:

- Testing
- Vaccination

For more information: (415) 615-4555
<http://healthysanfrancisco.org>

*Call to see if you qualify
language services available*



More Information:

www.SFHepBFree.org/Free-Screenings

Or Call:

(415) 336-2629 - Cantonese, Mandarin, English
(415) 554-2638 - English only



www.SFHepBFree.org

SF CAN San Francisco
Cancer Initiative

www.sfcancer.org

Hepatitis B

Getting Linked to Care



*Navigating hepatitis B care to
prevent liver cancer*

You Might Have Chronic Hep B and Not Know It

- Hepatitis B Virus (HBV) can cause liver disease, liver cancer, and death
- A common form of transmission is mother to child through birth
- Most of those chronically infected don't know it and don't have symptoms

Hepatitis B is most common in the Asian and Pacific Islander populations.

1 in 12 Asian and Asian American Adults have chronic Hep B

Protect Yourself! Get Screened!

It's Easy

- Ask for a hepatitis B test.
- A Little Blood, a lot of Peace of Mind*
- The test requires a blood sample.

Stop A Silent Killer



Testing (free or low cost)



Vaccination (free or low cost)



Treatment (cost varies)

A Guide To Your Results

HBsAg positive (or reactive) = **chronic infection** by HBV
 HBsAb positive (or reactive) = **protection** from HBV

Example 1	HBsAg	HBsAb
Positive/Reactive		✓
Negative/Nonreactive	✓	

Result: You **DO NOT** have HBV and you **ARE** protected against HBV

Action: No vaccination needed but educate others

Example 2	HBsAg	HBsAb
Positive/Reactive		
Negative/Nonreactive	✓	✓

Result: You **DO NOT** have HBV and you **ARE NOT** protected against HBV

Action: Get Hep B Vaccine Now

Example 3	HBsAg	HBsAb
Positive/Reactive	✓	
Negative/Nonreactive		✓

Result: You **have** HBV infection and **ARE** at risk for liver cancer and cirrhosis.

Action: Find a doctor to take care of and monitor your liver health

What To Do If You Are Infected

If you test positive for chronic hepatitis B infection, get linked to care.

Seek Hepatitis B Care

- Ask your doctor whether you need to be on medication to prevent liver damage and liver cancer. Ask if you need to see a specialist.

Monitor Your Liver Health

- Get blood tests to check for liver damage and liver cancer twice a year.
- Get a liver ultrasound to monitor for liver cancer every 6-12 months or as recommended by your doctor.

Stay Informed and Educate Others

- Getting family and friends educated and tested may save their lives.



* The guide above serves as general guidance and may not be definitive. Ask your doctor for the best course of action.

Don't be a statistic, you can save yourself, your family and your friends. Help end hepatitis B.